ՄԻԱՄՆԱԿԱՆ ՔՆՆՈՒԹՅՈՒՆ

2014

ԱՆԳԼԵՐԵՆ

ԹԵՍՏ 2

Խմբի համարը



Նստարանի համարը

Հարգելի՜ դիմորդ

Խորհուրդ ենք տալիս առաջադրանքները կատարել ըստ հերթականության: Ուշադիր կարդացե՛ք յուրաքանչյուր առաջադրանքի պահանջը և պատասխանների առաջարկվող տարբերակները: Եթե Ձեզ չի հաջողվում որևէ առաջադրանքի անմիջապես պատասխանել, ժամանակը խնայելու նպատակով կարող եք այն բաց թողնել և դրան անդրադառնալ ավելի ուշ:

Ձեր առջև դրված թեստ-գրքույկի էջերի դատարկ մասերը ազատորեն կարող եք օգտագործել սևագրության համար։ *Թեստ-գրքույկը չի ստուգվում։ Ստուգվում է միայն* պատասխանների ձևաթուղթը:

Առաջադրանքները կատարելուց հետո չմոռանաք պատասխանները ուշադիր և խնամքով նշել պատասխանների ձևաթղթում։ Պատասխանների ձևաթղթի ճիշտ լրացումից է կախված Ձեր քննական միավորի ճշտությունը։

Ցանկանում ենք հաջողություն։

Level A

I. Կարդալ տեքստը և պատասխանել հարցերին` ընտրելով ճիշտ տարբերակը: Read the text and answer the questions choosing the right answer.

Line number

- 1. Alpha Centauri is a triple-star system. One of the three stars in Alpha
- 2. Centauri is Proxima Centauri, which is the nearest star to the Earth, except, of
- 3. course, for the Sun. The name "Proxima" **comes** from a Latin word which
- 4. means "close".
- 5. Even though Proxima Centauri is the closest star to the Earth outside of our
- 6. solar system, it is not really close. Interstellar distances are so large that
- 7. they are almost impossible to imagine. A person traveling in a modern
- 8. spacecraft would not arrive at Proxima Centauri within this lifetime, or the
- 9. next, or even ten lifetimes because the distance is so great. Light travels at a
- 10. speed of 186000 miles per second, and it still takes light more than four
- 11. years to travel from Proxima Centauri to the Earth.
- 12. Alpha Centauri can be easily seen in the night sky without a telescope
- 13. from certain parts of the Earth. It is the third brightest star in the sky, out of
- 14. approximately 6000 visible stars. It cannot be seen from most parts of the
- 15. United States because most of the United States is too far north; however, it
- 16. can be seen from the southern parts of the southernmost states.
 - The main subject of the text is
 - a) modern space travel
 - b) the closest stars to the Earth
 - c) interstellar distances
 - d) the speed of light

2

1

According to the text, which of the following is **NOT** true?

- a) Proxima Centauri is the closest star to the Earth.
- b) Alpha Centauri is composed of three stars.
- c) It is possible to see Alpha Centauri from the Earth.
- d) Proxima Centauri is one of the stars in Alpha Centauri.
- 3 The expression **interstellar distances** in line 6 is
 - a) distances from the Sun to each of the planets, including the Earth
 - b) distances between stars
 - c) distances between the Earth and various stars
 - d) distances measured by the speed of light

4 The word **comes** in line 3 could best be replaced by

- a) visits
- b) travels
- c) is derived
- d) is directed

It can be inferred from the text that if a person is left in one of today's spacecrafts, he or she would arrive at Alpha Centauri

- a) within this lifetime
- b) after more than ten lifetimes
- c) within ten lifetimes
- d) within the next lifetime

II.Симпы брги иширыChoose the right option.

Scientists (6) ______ that organic and non-organic food contain pretty much the same amounts and kinds of vitamins and other nutrients. This (7) ______ be surprising news for those of us who choose to buy organic food believing it to be healthier. Researchers from America's Stanford University concluded that there might not be any extra health benefits to buying organic food, thus people might be better off saving their money and buying non-organic produce. Lead researcher Dr. Crystal Smith-Spangle said there (8) ______ no difference in the vitamin content in fruit, vegetables, meat and dairy products in organically- and conventionally-produced food. She said the only difference was slightly more phosphorus in the organic products. Dr. Smith-Spangle's review of over 200 different reports on organic food (9) ______ people (10) ______ perhaps revise their shopping choices, based on the levels of pesticides.

6

5

- a) have revealed
- b) had revealed
- c) would reveal
- d) were revealing

7

- a) ought to
- b) is to
- c) has to
- d) might

8

- a) was
- b) has been
- c) will be
- d) would be

9

- a) suggests
- b) will suggest
- c) would suggest
- d) had suggested

- a) are able to
- b) might
- c) should
- d) could

The island of Janitzio is famous for its Day of the Dead celebrations, and (11)_____ a major tourist attraction. Just before midnight on November 1, the lake which surrounds Janitzio (12)_____ up with hundreds of torches. These show the route of the small boats which (13)_____ the families to the island.

11

- a) was becoming
- b) is become
- c) became
- d) has become

12

- a) has been lit
- b) has lit
- c) is lit
- d) is lighting

13

- a) carried
- b) carry
- c) are carried
- d) were carried

The history of the computer in the twentieth century is one of dramatic adaptation and expansion. The computer had modest beginnings in areas where it (14) ______ as a specialist tool. The first electronic computer (15) ______ in the 1930s and was solely for the use of undergraduate students in Iowa State University to handle mathematical computations in nuclear physics. However, computers (16) ______ to change our life style, the way we do business and many other things. When the Internet (17) ______ the effects of the use of computers in everyday life were different.

14

- a) are used
- b) is used
- c) will use
- d) was used

15

- a) are built
- b) is built
- c) would build
- d) was built

16

- a) has started
- b) was starting
- c) were starting
- d) starts

- a) will be born
- b) was born
- c) were born
- d) are born

III. Ընտրել համատեքստին համապատասխանող խոսքիմասային ձևը։ Fill in the blanks with the word form that best fits each space.

People have for a long time held belief that the face is in some way a reflection of (18) ______. There is nothing magical or mysterious about it: we all have different physical characteristics and therefore our appearance is unique. How you feel about yourself also has a direct influence on your facial (19)______. If, for example, you have a lot of self (20) ______, this will show in your face. From ancient times, this connection between particular features and aspects of personality was made, and a systematic study of the (21)______ developed and became known as *physiognomy*. Physiognomy has proved that people's faces accurately reflect people's characters. For those who don't find the idea convincing, let us take the example of (22)______ twins, who not only look alike but also behave in a similar way.

18

- a) personally
- b) person
- c) personalize
- d) personality

19

- a) expressive
- b) expression
- c) express
- d) expressible

20

- a) confidence
- b) confide
- c) confidential
- d) confident

21

- a) relative
- b) relatively
- c) relate
- d) relationship

- a) identical
- b) identification
- c) identity
- d) identified

IV. Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը։ Choose the appropriate option.

23 "Her husband doesn't speak English. Do her children speak English?" "No, her husband her children speak English." a) either... or b) both ...and c) not only... but also d) neither... nor "Did you watch the film yesterday?" 24 "I don't watch much television these days. I am for my exams." a) rather busy for revising b) very busy to revise c) busy enough to revise d) too busy revising "I have observed that you don't pay attention to the rules when crossing the street." 25 "The point is that I the rules of it, I have just arrived in this country." a) am not accustomed to keeping b) do not accustomed to keeping c) do not accustomed keeping d) am not accustomed to keep "Those ceramic vases are interesting." 26 "I saw ______ at the art fair." a) make them b) they made c) making them d) them made "Who has been planning the dance?" 27 " Everyone in the club ." a) have b) are c) is d) has "Is the examination over?" 28 "No, students haven't been examined yet." a) the numbers of b) a number of c) some number of

d) the number of

| 29 | "Excuse me, sir! Can I pay by cheque?" |
|----|--|
| | " in cash." |
| | a) You'd better to pay b) I'd prefer you paid c) You'd prefer to pay d) I'd rather you paid |
| 30 | "Which country would you like to live in?" |
| | "I like warm countries," |
| | a) like Spain b) as in Spain c) like Spanish d) as the Spain |
| 31 | "I intend to put forward this problem next week." "But I am not for further discussions yet." |
| | a) preparingb) preparec) be preparedd) prepared |
| 32 | "You have parked your car in the wrong place." "Sorry, I didn't the sign." |
| | a) pay attention tob) give attention onc) take any attention atd) pay attention at |
| 33 | "The trousers don't fit properly. Could I ask for?" "Here you are!" |
| | a) other pair b) another pair c) the others ones d) others trousers |
| 34 | "The of the two was ready to attack the robber when the police arrived." "Did they really arrive in time?" |
| | a) youngerb) youngc) much young |

c) much youngd) youngest

35 What ingredients is yogurt ____?" "It's basically a form of curdled milk, much like sour cream."

- a) made into
- b) made in
- c) made from
- d) made of

36 They want their ______ to become a doctor. They don't even think that she can be against it.

- a) fifteen-years girl
- b) fifteen years old girl
- c) a fifteen-years-aged girl
- d) fifteen-year-old girl
- 37 "Let's write her a letter." "_____ writing to her, she never answers letters."
 - a) There is no good in
 - b) It's no good
 - c) There isn't any good
 - d) It isn't good

V. Ընտրել ուղղակի/անուղղակի խոսքի փոխակերպման ճիշտ տարբերակը։ Choose the correct option for direct/indirect speech.

38 He advised us to make good use of our time as we wouldn't get such an opportunity again.

- a) "Make good use of your time. You won't get such an opportunity again," he told to us.
- b) "Make good use of your time. You won't get such an opportunity again," he said to us.
- c) "Make good use of your time. You don't get such an opportunity again," he said to us.
- d) "Make good use of your time. You wouldn't get such an opportunity again", he said us.
- 39 "Do you know that the shoes you are wearing aren't a pair?" I asked him.
 - a) I asked him if he had known that the shoes he was wearing weren't a pair.
 - b) I asked him whether he knew that the shoes he was wearing weren't a pair.
 - c) I asked him did he knew that the shoes he was wearing weren't a pair.
 - d) I asked him did he know that the shoes he was wearing weren't a pair.

40 "You'd better leave your things with Annie," said Mark.

- a) Mark advised me to leave his things with Annie.
- b) Mark advised me to leave my things with Annie.
- c) Mark said I had to leave my things with Annie.
- d) Mark ordered me to leave my things with Annie.
- 41 Father said: "Pauline passed her driving test. I am delighted."
 - a) Father told Pauline passed her driving test and added that he was delighted.
 - b) Father said Pauline had passed her driving test, so she was delighted.
 - c) Father said Pauline had passed her driving test and added that he was delighted.
 - d) Father said Pauline had passed her driving test as he was delighted.

"Don't come here now, it is in vain, you cannot see her." Martin said. "I am sure about that."

a) Martin warned him not go there in vain because he was sure he couldn't see her then.

42

- b) Martin surely reminded him not to go there now in vain because he couldn't see her.
- c) Martin told him not to go there then in vain because he cannot see her and he was sure.
- d) Martin warned him not to go there in vain because he was sure he couldn't see her then.

VI. Տեղադրել բառերը համատեքստում՝ բովանդակությանը համապատասխան (տրված բառերից երկուսն ավելորդ են): Fill in each gap with an appropriate word from the list below (two of the words given are odd).

Traditions are plentiful during weddings. They symbolize the happiness, luck and joy needed for the newlyweds. When planning a wedding, try to add a few worldly traditions that will _____ a memorable experience for all.

Most people have heard of the Victorian traditions, such as a bride wearing something old, something new, something borrowed, something blue, and a sixpence in her shoe.

The *old* should come from a happily married woman and it _____ a lucky transfer of happiness. The *new* is usually the wedding gown _____ a new beginning. The *borrowed* should be an object of gold to guarantee wealth and fortune. The *blue* is symbolic of the heaven and _____ love. And the *sixpence* is to be worn in the heel of the right shoe to provide future wealth and prosperity.

Gloves, a symbol of modesty and romance, are also an accessory to the groom's or bride's clothes. Without the letter "g", a ______ of *gloves* becomes *loves*.

43 1.create 2.pair 3.persuades 4.couple 5.signifying 6.true 7.ensures

VII. Ընտրել քերականորեն ճիշտ ձևակերպված հարցական նախադասությունները։ Choose the correctly formulated questions.

44

- 1. Ted's got used to living in a big city, hasn't he?
- 2. The visitor proceeded to fasten his horse to a large iron hook, didn't he?
- 3. Don't you know why she reported him to the police?
- 4. Does anybody know when was first staged Romeo and Juliet?
- 5. Are you through with your experiment yet?

45

- 1. The unions have reacted strongly against the government's wage and price controls, don't they?
- 2. Which of you wants to take part in the discussion?
- 3. Her photograph corresponds with the description that he gave us, doesn't it?
- 4. Hasn't been Dan living in this district for ten years already?
- 5. She's got little money to buy that computer, has she?

46

- 1. You had the ceiling whitewashed, hadn't you?
- 2. How do the students intend to demonstrate against the new regulations?
- 3. Did you know that the inventors of cinema were French?
- 4. George Washington was the first US president, wasn't he?
- 5. Do you think has my English improved?

47

- 1. Did you use to eat a lot of chocolate when you were a child?
- 2. You like Italian food very much, don't you?
- 3. Nobody in the office could give you the information you needed, could they?
- 4. There's somebody calling your name, isn't he?
- 5. Do you like your new job or it's boring?

- 1. Must the students from the library borrow these books?
- 2. You never say what you're thinking, are you?
- 3. Do you know how many guests there were at the festival last night?
- 4. Don't forget to take your passport, do you?
- 5. I guess you'll be ready for the trip in an hour, won't you?

VIII. Համապատասխանեցնել բառերը և սահմանումները։ Match the words and their definitions.

49

- A) ArgumentB) Conversation
- C) Utterance
- D) Exclamation
- 1) an element of written language
- 2) an exchange of opposite views, typically an angry one
- 3) the act or process of speaking or expressing in words
- 4) an emphatic or excited cry
- 5) an informal talk between people

- A) ExportB) DefendC) IntroduceD) Report
- 1) tell someone another person's name
- 2) give a spoken or written account of something that one has observed, heard, done, or investigated
- 3) say things to support someone or something
- 4) send goods or services to another country for sale
- 5) buy a product from another country

LEVEL B

IX.Կարդալ տեքստը և պատասխանել հարցերին` ընտրելով ճիշտ
տարբերակը:
Read the text and answer the questions choosing the right answer.

Line number

- 1. Esperanto is what is called a planned, or artificial, language. It was
- 2. created more than a century ago by Polish eye doctor Ludwik Lazar
- 3. Zamenhof. Zamenhof believed that a common language would help to
- 4. alleviate some of the misunderstandings among cultures.
- 5. In Zamenhof's first attempt at a universal language, he tried to create a
- 6. language that was as uncomplicated as possible. This first language included
- 7. words such as *ab*, *ac*, *ba*, *eb*, *be*, and *ce*. This did not result in a workable
- 8. language in that these monosyllabic words, though short, were not easy to
- 9. understand or to retain.
- 10. Next, Zamenhof tried a different way of constructing a **simplified**
- 11. language. He made the words in his language sound like words that people
- 12. already knew, but he simplified the grammar tremendously. One example of
- 13. how he simplified the language can be seen in the suffixes: all nouns in this
- 14. language end in o, as in the noun amilko, which means "friend", and all
- 15. adjectives end in -a, as in the adjective bela, which means "pretty". Another
- 16. example of the simplified language can be seen in the prefix *mal*-, which
- 17. makes a word opposite in meaning; the word *malamiko* therefore means
- 18. "enemy," and the word malbela therefore means "ugly" in Zamenhof's
- 19. language.
- 20. In 1887, Zamenhof wrote a description of this language and published
- 21. it. He used a penname, Dr. Esperanto, when signing the book. He selected the
- 22. name Esperanto because this word means "a person who hopes" in his
- 23. language. Esperanto clubs began popping up throughout Europe, and by
- 24. 1905 Esperanto had spread from Europe to America and Asia.
- 25. In 1905, the First World Congress of Esperanto took place in France, with
- 26. approximately 700 attendees from 20 different countries. Congresses were
- 27. held annually for nine years, and 4,000 attendees were registered for the
- 28. Tenth World Esperanto Congress scheduled for 1914, when World War I
- 29. erupted and forced its cancellation.
- 30. Esperanto has had its **ups and downs** in the period since World War I.
- 31. Today, years after it was introduced, it is estimated that perhaps a quarter of
- 32. million people are fluent in it.
- 33. Current advocates would like to see its use grow considerably and are
- 34. taking steps to try to make this happen.

51

According to the text what happened to the Tenth World Esperanto Congress?

- a) It was scheduled for 1915.
- b) It had attendees from 20 countries.
- c) It never took place.
- d) It had 4,000 attendees.

52 The word **simplified** in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to

- a) uncomplicated
- b) understandable
- c) natural
- d) underestimated

53

According to the text, Zamenhof wanted to create a universal language

- a) to provide a more complex language.
- b) to resolve cultural differences.
- c) to create one world culture.
- d) to build a name for himself.
- 54 The expression **popping up** in paragraph 4 could best be replaced by
 - a) shouting
 - b) leaping
 - c) opening
 - d) hiding

55 The expression 'ups and downs' in paragraph 6 is closest in meaning to

- a) take offs and landings
- b) highs and lows
- c) tops and bottoms
- d) floors and ceilings
- 56 In what paragraph does the author explain why Zamenhof chose the name that he did for his language?
 - a) Paragraph 3
 - b) Paragraph 1-2
 - c) Paragraph 5
 - d) Paragraph 4
- 57

The last paragraph discusses

- a) the disadvantages of using an artificial language
- b) attempts to reconvene the World Congress of Esperanto in the 1920s
- c) the intention of current supporters of Esperanto to encourage its growth
- d) another of Zamenhof's accomplishments

58 It can be inferred from the text that the Third World Congress of Esperanto took place

- a) in 1907
- b) in 1909
- c) in 1913
- d) in 1905

59

It can be inferred from the text that the Esperanto word *malespera* means

- a) hope
- b) hopelessness
- c) hopeful
- d) hopeless

- a) one man's effort to create a universal language.
- b) a language developed in the last few years.
- c) using an artificial language to communicate internationally.
- d) how language can be improved.

X. Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը։ Choose the appropriate option.

He had no sooner opened the doors of the shop ______ a customer came in and bought all the fresh cream cakes.

a) than

61

- b) when
- c) that
- d) where

62 _____ my neighbour waters the flowers everyday and takes care of them the garden will soon become a pleasant place.

- a) Even if
- b) Provided that
- c) Until
- d) Nevertheless

You are usually allowed to photograph the exterior of mosques, ______ you are rarely allowed to photograph the interior of the buildings.

- a) but
- b) similarly
- c) as
- d) likewise

64

63

In order to grow vegetables properly, gardeners must know ______.

- a) that is required by each vegetable
- b) that the requirements for each vegetable
- c) what are each vegetable's requirements
- d) what the requirements for each vegetable are

65

Friends are an important part of your life. _____, they have more influence on what you do.

- a) Beside
- b) Otherwise
- c) Consequently
- d) Yet

66 I don't see why the boys can't go fishing ______ they promise to stay together and come back before it gets dark.

- a) as long as
- b) whereas
- c) no matter
- d) whether

XI. Ընտրել ավելորդ բառը: Choose the odd word.

67

The portraits were exhibited in the Houston Museum last month are now on display in Dallas.

- a) display
- b) were
- c) the
- d) on
- 68 <u>The</u> lake Manzanita is surrounded by willows, mountain alders and many <u>other</u> types of trees <u>which</u> I couldn't recognize.
 - a) which
 - b) the
 - c) other
 - d) is

69

Whatever <u>their</u> religious persuasion, Americans have tended to share a <u>common</u> faith in <u>as</u> the most effective means of achieving a <u>better</u> future for themselves.

- a) better
- b) their
- c) common
- d) as

70

I have found out <u>that</u> the train <u>to</u> Brighton <u>will</u> depart from <u>the</u> Platform Three at 7.30 tomorrow evening.

- a) the
- b) that
- c) to
- d) will

71 In <u>most</u> American cities, computers are <u>now</u> far <u>from</u> more prevalent than they were <u>only</u> a few years ago.

- a) only
- b) most
- c) now
- d) from

72 In 1791 Quebec <u>was</u> divided into two sections, Upper Canada and Lower Canada, <u>they</u> both of <u>which were</u> ruled by elected assemblies.

- a) were
- b) was
- c) they
- d) which

XII. Տեքստում բաց են թողնված նախադասություններ։ Լրացնել տեքստը` տեղադրելով համապատասխան նախադասությունը (տրված նախադասություններից երկուսն ավելորդ են)։

Fit the missing sentences into the gaps of the following texts. (two of the given sentences are odd)

Lewis Carroll was the pseudonym of the Reverend Charles Lutwidge Dodgson, an enigmatic author, illustrator, logician, renowned photographer, letter writer, diarist, and for the majority of his adult life, mathematics lecturer at Christ Church, Oxford University. To illustrate this author's advanced sense of logic, mystery, and creativity, Dodgson constructed his pen name as a puzzle in itself.

Charles Lutwidge Dodgson was born in 1832 in Cheshire, England, a village about twenty miles from Liverpool. One of eleven children living on a secluded farm, young Dodgson spent much of his young life seeking isolation in the landscapes surrounding his home. ______. Most creatures in Alice's world are constructions of a young boy's observations on the farm: white rabbits, caterpillars, mushrooms, field mice, gardens of flowers, and other barnyard and parsonage animals.

______. His two most famous works, however, are *Alice's Adventures in Wonderland* (1865) and *Through the Looking-Glass* (1872). ______. Although these pieces of literature were originally written to entertain the minds of young children, they are full of themes and allusions to Victorian society.

Along with personal experiences on his childhood farm, the story of Alice is a direct result of Dodgson's work as a tutor and photographer during his time at Christ Church. ______. They took many rowing trips down the river and Dodgson would collect his thoughts in a diary. Aside from these interactions, the artist also took many posed photographs of Liddell's family, specifically his young children, one of which was seven-year-old Alice.

- 1) These roaming "adventures" are reflected in the characters and images of both *Alice's Adventures in Wonderland* and *Through the Looking-Glass*
- 2) He spent many evenings with the new dean of the school, Harry Liddell, and the dean's family.
- 3) As a writer, Charles Dodgson published nearly three hundred works on a variety of topics, including children's stories and parodies.
- 4) It was on one such expedition, on 4 July 1862, that Dodgson invented the outline of the story.
- 5) The overwhelming commercial success of the first Alice book changed Dodgson's life in many ways.
- 6) The pseudonym Lewis Carroll, was created by Latinizing his two given names.
- 7) Both are stories written about the childhood adventures of young Alice.

XIII. Spված նախադասություններից որո՞նք են կրավորական սեռով ճիշտ ձևակերպված: Choose the correctly formulated Passive constructions.

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- 1. On November 6, 2012, Obama was re-elected for his second term as President of the United States.
- 2. The temple of Garni had been built long before Christianity was adopted.
- 3. Leadership does not rest on the exercise of force alone.
- 4. Small nations often have to combine against the power of a large one.
- 5. We can cure an upset stomach by drinking two teaspoons Apple Cider Vinegar in one cup water.

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- 1. Featured in many Spanish and American films, Banderas often being used a musical performer as well.
- 2. The essays are to be handed in on Monday.
- 3. Before the conference we had drawn up a plan to stop drug trafficking.
- 4. All the chinks and pores in the walls were sealed with putty.
- 5. The stress of the last few weeks has broken me down.

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- 1. Charlie Chaplin is considered one of the most famous stars of the early days of Hollywood.
- 2. He will have published several poems by the end of the year.
- 3. What holidays are celebrated in your country in autumn and winter?
- 4. G. Washington is known to all Americans as "The Father of the Nation".
- 5. The dynamite had invented by Alfred Nobel.

- 1. The Temple of Artemis at Ephesus was built to honor the goddess of the moon and the hunt Artemis, the daughter of Zeus and Leto.
- 2. I will have sent the money to you without any delay by next week.
- 3. The coach was calculated to carry six regular passengers.
- 4. They are not ready to gamble their careers on this matter.
- 5. The boy had sneaked out of the room while we were talking.

XIV. Համապատասխանեցնել նախադասության երկու մասերը: Match the beginning and the end of the sentences.

- - A. People are also learning English from their friends on the InternetB. While the population of Europe
 - and America is growing old,
 - C. Young peoples' tastes influence the design of goods;
 - D. English plays an important role in a teenager's world since
- 1. it is the dominant language in youth style.
- 2. that's why children pick up foreign languages easily.
- 3. but can't remember anything about it.
- 4. whole industries are appearing to help
- teenagers spend their time and money. 5. those in developing countries are
- becoming younger.6. and it is not always the same as the English they learn in the classroom.

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- A. Many foreign students find
- B. English has some words that appear to be the same
- C. Once, I happened to use an old word which people no longer use
- D. English words also cause problems
- 1. instead of trying to make sentences in our own ways.
- 2. and to be able to understand Americans is not easy for a foreigner.
- 3. because there are a lot of words that combine to make different meanings.
- 4. but have different pronunciations for different meanings.
- 5. that learning English is the hardest part of college life.
- 6. and my friends couldn't understand what I said.

- A. Schoolchildren who eat a high-protein breakfast often do better at school
- B. The brain is affected by what you eat and drink,
- C. Certain types of food contain substances
- D. People on diets begin to feel depressed after two weeks

- 1. can raise concentration levels for up to five hours.
- 2. which is high in carbohydrates can make us feel more relaxed.
- 3. than children whose breakfast is lower in protein.
- 4. because they are limited in their choice.
- 5. which affect how you think and feel.
- 6. just like every other part of your body.